# PRODUCT DATA SHEET Indium8.9 Pb-Free Solder Paste

#### Introduction

**Indium8.9** is an air or nitrogen reflow, no-clean solder paste specifically formulated to accommodate the higher processing temperatures required by SnAgCu, SnAg, and other alloy systems favored by the electronics industry to replace Pb-bearing solders. **Indium8.9** offers excellent stencil print transfer efficiency to work in the broadest range of processes. In addition, the superior soldering performance under hightemperature and long reflow processes provides exceptional head-in-pillow performance.

#### **Features**

- High transfer efficiency through small apertures (≤0.66 AR)
- Excellent wetting to all common finishes at high and low peak reflow temperatures
- Eliminates head-in-pillow defects
- High oxidation resistance

#### Alloys

Indium Corporation manufactures low-oxide spherical powder composed of a variety of Pb-free alloys that cover a broad range of melting temperatures. Type 3 and Type 4 powder are standard offerings with SAC alloys. The metal percent is the weight percent of the solder powder in the solder paste and is dependent upon the powder type and application. Standard product offerings are detailed below.

#### **Standard Product Specifications**

Allow	Metal Load		
Alloy	Туре З	Туре 4	
SAC387			
SAC305			
SAC105	88.50-89.00%	88.25-88.75%	
SAC0307			
SACm®*			

\*For more information about SACm®, visit www.indium.com/SACm.

#### **Bellcore and J-STD Tests and Results**

## **Storage and Handling Procedures**

Refrigerated storage will prolong the shelf life of solder paste. Solder paste packaged in cartridges should be stored tip down.

Storage Conditions (unopened containers)	Shelf Life
<10°C	6 months

Solder paste should be allowed to reach ambient working temperature prior to use. Generally, paste should be removed from refrigeration at least 2 hours before use. Actual time to reach thermal equilibrium will vary with container size. Paste temperature should be verified before use. Jars and cartridges should be labeled with date and time of opening.

## Packaging

**Indium8.9** is currently available in 500g jars or 600g cartridges. Packaging for enclosed print head systems is also readily available. Alternate packaging options may be available upon request.

#### **Compatible Products**

- Rework Flux: TACFlux® 089, TACFlux® 020B
- Cored Wire: CW-807
- Wave Flux: WF-7742, WF-9942

*Note: Other products may be applicable. Please consult one of Indium Corporation's Technical Support Engineers.* 

# **Technical Support**

Indium Corporation's internationally experienced engineers provide in-depth technical assistance to our customers. Thoroughly knowledgeable in all facets of Materials Science as it applies to the electronics and semiconductor sectors, Technical Support Engineers provide expert advice in solder preforms, wire, ribbon, and paste. Indium Corporation's Technical Support Engineers provide rapid response to all technical inquiries.

#### **Safety Data Sheets**

Please refer to the SDS document within the product shipment, or contact our local team to receive a copy.

Test	Result	Test	Result
J-STD-004A (IPC-TM-650)		J-STD-005 (IPC-TM-650)	
Flux Type (per J-STD-004A)	ROL1	Typical Solder Paste Viscosity	
Flux-Induced Corrosion (Copper Mirror)	Type L	Type 3 (800449) Type 4 (800420)	1,750 poise 2,000 poise
Presence of Halide Silver Chromate Fluoride Spot Test Ion Chromatography	Pass Pass <0.5% Cl <sup>-</sup> eq. 35%	Malcolm (10rpm)	2,000 poioo
		Slump, Solder Ball, and Wetting Tests	Pass
Post-Reflow Flux Residue (ICA Test)		Typical Tackiness	50g
SIR	Pass	BELLCORE GR-78	
All information is for reference only. Not to be used as incoming product specifications.		SIR	Pass
		Electrochemical Migration	Pass



# From One Engineer To Another

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#### **Printing**

#### Stencil Design:

Electroformed and laser cut/electropolished stencils produce the best printing characteristics among stencil types. Stencil aperture design is a crucial step in optimizing the print process. The following are a few general recommendations:

- Discrete components—A 10–20% reduction of stencil aperture has significantly reduced or eliminated the occurrence of mid-chip solder beads. The "home plate" design is a common method for achieving this reduction.
- Fine-pitch components—A surface area reduction is recommended for apertures of 20mil pitch and finer. This reduction will help minimize solder balling and bridging that can lead to electrical shorts. The amount of reduction necessary is process-dependent (5–15% is common).
- For optimum transfer efficiency and release of the solder paste from the stencil apertures, industry standard aperture and aspect ratios should be adhered to.

#### **Printer Operation**

Solder Paste Bead Size	~20–25mm in diameter	
Print Speed	25–100mm/second	
Squeegee Pressure	0.018–0.027kg/mm of blade length	
Underside Stencil Wipe	Start at once per every 5 prints and decrease frequency until optimum value is reached	
Squeegee Type/Angle	Metal with appropriate length; 45 or 60° squeegees are typically used	
Separation Speed	5–20mm/second or per equipment manufacturer's specifications	
Solder Paste Stencil Life	Up to 8 hours (at 30–60% RH and 22–28°C)	

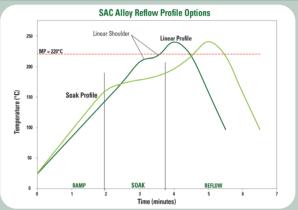
#### Cleaning

**Indium8.9** is designed for no-clean applications; however, the flux can be removed, if necessary, by using a commercially available flux residue remover.

**Stencil Cleaning** is best performed using isopropyl alcohol (IPA) as a solvent. Most commercially available non-water-based stencil cleaners work well.

#### Reflow

#### **Recommended Profile:**



The stated profile recommendations apply to most Pb-free alloys in the SnAgCu (SAC) alloy system, including SAC305 (96.5Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu). This can be used as a general guideline in establishing a reflow profile when using **Indium8.9 Solder Paste**. Deviations from these recommendations are acceptable, and may be necessary, based on specific process requirements, including board size, thickness, and density. Start with the linear profile, then move to the optional soak profile, if needed. The flat soak portion of the linear profile (linear shoulder) may also be eliminated.

Reflow Profile Details	SAC305 Parameters		Comments	
nenow Prome Details	Recommended	Acceptable	Comments	
Ramp Profile (Average Ambient to Peak)— Not the Same as Maximum Rising Slope	1.0–1.5°C/second	0.5–2.5°C/second	To minimize solder balling, beading, hot slump	
Soak Zone Profile (Optional)	20–60 seconds	30–120 seconds	May minimize BGA/CSP voiding	
	140–160°C	140–170°C	Eliminating/reducing the soak zone <u>may</u> help to reduce HIP and graping	
Time Above Liquidus (TAL)	45–60 seconds	30–100 seconds	Needed for good wetting/reliable solder joint	
Peak Temperature	230-260°C	230–262°C	As measured with thermocouple	
Cooling Ramp Rate	2–6°C/second	0.5–6°C/second	Rapid cooling promotes fine-grain structure	
Reflow Atmosphere	Air or N <sub>2</sub>		N <sub>2</sub> preferred for small components	

All parameters are for reference only.

Modifications may be required to fit process and design.

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All of Indium Corporation's solder paste and preform manufacturing facilities are IATF 16949:2016 certified. Indium Corporation is an ISO 9001:2015 registered company.

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